

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/080,436	02/22/2002	Wolfgang Daum	MRI-127	8223
23557 7.	590 05/21/2003			
SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION 2421 N.W. 41ST STREET			EXAMINER	
			SHEEHAN, JOHN P	
SUITE A-1 GAINESVILL	E, FL 326066669		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1742	7
			DATE MAILED: 05/21/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· ·			A-S-		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/080,436	DAUM, WOLFGANG	i		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	John P. Sheehan	1742			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sneet	with the correspondence addr	9SS		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	66(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of t 'ill apply and will expire SIX (6) M cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this comr ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa			merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 (J.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
4) Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are pending in the application.		•			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers ○○○○ The experiments is objected to by the Examines	_				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in	Application No			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	age		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language pro	visional application has	been received.	,		
Attachment(s)	c priority under 35 U.S.	C. 33 120 aliu/01 121.			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) Section and Todownet Office.					

Application/Control Number: 10/080,436 Page 2

Art Unit: 1742

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

- 2. The spacing of the lines of the specification is such as to make reading and entry of amendments difficult. New application papers with lines double spaced on good quality paper are required.
- 3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
- I. The specification refers to claim 1(specification, page 1, line1). This is improper.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

- 4. Claim 3 is objected to because of the following informalities:
- 5. In claim 3, line 1, the cobalt is recited as, "39% cobalt". It is questioned whether applicants intended, "39 to 41% cobalt" disclosed on page 1, the first line of the last paragraph. Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 10/080,436 Page 3

Art Unit: 1742

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101/112

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

7. Claims 1 to 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 and dependent claims 2 and 3 provide for the use of a material based on cobalt, nickel and chromium, but, since the claims do not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claims 1 to 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

Application/Control Number: 10/080,436

Art Unit: 1742

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

9. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ogawa et al. (Ogawa, US Patent No. 5,190,832).

Ogawa teaches an alloy consisting essentially of, in weight percent, 15 to 35 % Cr (column 4, lines 45 to 46), 0.5 to 4% Mo (column 5, lines 1 to 6), 40 to 60 % Co (column 5, lines 7 to 15), 5 to 15 % Fe (column 5, lines 15 to 22) and 0.5 to 5% W (column 5, lines 23 to 30). This alloy composition overlaps the alloy composition recited in applicants' claim 2.

The claims and Ogawa differ in that Ogawa does not teach the exact same alloy composition recited in applicants' claims.

However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because as discussed above applicants' claim 2 and Ogawa overlap and a prima facie case of obviousness exists when the ranges of a claimed invention overlap the ranges disclosed in the prior art, In re Geisler 43 USPQ2d 1365 (Fed. Cir. 1997); In re Woodruff, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (CCPA 1976); In re Malagari, 182 USPQ 549, 553 (CCPA 1974) and MPEP 2144.05.

10. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over each of Doherty et al. (Doherty, US Patent No. 4,931,255) or Slaney (US Patent No. 3,767,385).

Each of the references teaches an alloy having a composition that overlaps the alloy composition recited in the instant claims. See, Doherty, column 2, lines 31 to 42 and Slaney, column 2, lines 9 to 17.

Page 5

The claims and the references differ in that the references do not teach the exact same alloy composition recited in applicants' claim 3.

However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because the alloy composition in applicants' claim 3 and the alloy composition disclosed by the references overlap and therefore the alloys taught by the references are considered to establish a prima facie case of obviousness, In re Geisler 43 USPQ2d 1365 (Fed. Cir. 1997); In re Woodruff, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (CCPA 1976); In re Malagari, 182 USPQ 549, 553 (CCPA 1974) and MPEP 2144.05.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John P. Sheehan whose telephone number is (703) 308-3861. The examiner can normally be reached on T-F (6:30-5:00) Second Monday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy King can be reached on (703) 308-1146. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

John P. Sheehan Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1742

jps

May 19, 2003